HU-ACE NEWS LETTER

Advanced Core for Energetics, Hiroshima University



Activities of the CoreJan. 9, 2019Workshop on secondary battery materialJan. 15, 2019The Symposium: Japanese forest and the frontiers of
compact gasifier (co-organization)Jan. 16-18, 2019The 14th Conference on Biomass Science (co-
organization)Jan. 24, 2019The 71st Hiroshima University Biomass Evening
Seminar (co-organization)Jan. 25, 2019The 28th HU-ACE Steering Committee Meeting

Hydrogen Symposium "Local Production and Consumption of Hydrogen and Business Model"

We organized the 10th HU-ACE symposium, "Local Production and Consumption of Hydrogen and Business Model" in Hiroshima City on Dec 19. We had opportunities to discuss technology, systems and economics to consumption of hydrogen. There were about 40 participants from inside and outside the Hiroshima area at the symposium, and active questions and answers were exchanged.







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Research Topics

No.

Novel 'Gas-to-Lipids' bioprocess

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Research field: Molecular biotechnology, Applied microbiology **Keyword**: Functional lipids, Microbial oils, Biofuel

Abstract

Background Microbial oil is attracting attention as a new source of functional food ingredients, cosmetics, sanitary goods, pharmaceuticals, chemical products and fuels. Marine microorganism, the genus *Aurantiochytrium*, produces useful lipids such as fatty acids and hydrocarbons including carotenoids by assimilating sugars. However, considering costs and competition with food, development of sustainable raw material is desired.

Methods Focusing on marine macroalgae, we established a highly efficient two-step lipid fermentation system with a microorganism to convert algal carbohydrates into compounds that can be assimilated by *Aurantiochytrium*. We have also newly discovered the conditions under which *Aurantiochytrium* utilizes organic acids such as acetate for growth. Therefore, we aimed to investigate the combination of *Aurantiochytrium* with acetogens that produce acetate from CO₂ in addition to biomass.

Results Aurantiochytrium showed prominent cell growth and fatty acid production under specific conditions in a culture medium of Acetobacterium which produced acetate using CO_2 as a substrate. This new technology will contribute to realize the low carbon society and is extensible since acetogens can also utilize various biomass as a raw material. The genome editing technology is being applied for breeding of Aurantiochytrium (JST-OPERA project).

Integrated bioprocess for valuable lipid production from unutilized biomass and fossil fuel-derived gas



Reference 1) Aki T., et al., Jpn patent No. 6351328. 2) Aki T., et al., Jpn patent application No. 2017-085299. 3) Watanabe K. et al., *J. Oleo Sci.* 67, 571-578 (2018)